

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

VOL. VI--NO. 201.

MAYSVILLE, KY., FRIDAY, JULY 15, 1887.

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FOR THE BLOOD BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Combining IRON with PURE VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSES and ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Quickens the action of the Liver and Kidneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation--ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it.

Dr. N. S. ROGERS, of Marion, Mass., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic for enriching the blood, and removing all dyspeptic symptoms. It does not hurt the teeth."

Dr. R. M. DRAZILL, Reynolds, Ind., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood diseases, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved thoroughly satisfactory."

Mr. W. M. BYRNS, 25 St. Mary St., New Orleans, La., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters relieved me in a case of blood poisoning, and I heartily commend it to those needing a blood purifier."

Mr. W. W. MONAHAN, Tusculum, Ala., says: "I have been troubled from childhood with Impure Blood and eruption on my face--two bottles of Brown's Iron Bitters effected a perfect cure. I cannot speak too highly of this valuable medicine."

Genuine has above Trade Mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by SHOWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

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Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas used for the relief of tooth. Office on Court Street.

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will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to collections and to Real Estate. Court street, Maysville, Ky.

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[GARRETT S. WALL, R. L. WORTHINGTON]

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.

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LAW CARD.

J. H. SALLEE, Commonwealth's Att'y.

C. L. SALLEE, Notary Public.

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Attorneys and Counselors at Law, will attend to collections and a general law practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining counties. Fire Insurance and Real Estate Agents. All letters answered promptly. Office: No. 12 Court street, Maysville, Ky.

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Ice Cream and Soda Water a specialty. Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and weddings furnished on short notice. No. 2 Second street.

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Has connection with the following places:

Maysville, Helena, Mt. Olivet, Mayslick, Sardin.

Office in Maysville--W. W. Holton's Dry Goods Store, No. 9 East Second street.

REMOVAL.

Henry Mergard has removed his Merchant Tailoring establishment to Second street, next door to G. W. Giese's grocery store. Call and examine my samples of Foreign and Domestic Goods from the large wholesale houses of New York. Suits made to order on more reasonable terms than any other house in the city, and fit guaranteed.

and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. R. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 614 Whitehall street.

THE SULTAN OF TURKEY.

HE IS IN NO HURRY TO SIGN THE ANGLO-TURKISH TREATY.

By Playing the Egyptian Question Against the Bulgarians Middle He Expects to Realize Some Substantial Advantage. Various Other Foreign News.

LONDON, July 15.—The Sultan of Turkey is still holding off from the ratification of his agreement with the British special commissioner, obviously with the intention of making the best possible terms for signing or repudiating the treaty, as the case may be, and in so doing his action is not altogether to be condemned as savoring of duplicity or any other species of knavery. The same sort of a game has been practiced upon him by one or another of the European powers until he has become thoroughly acquainted with the benefits accruing to the "party of the first part" from transactions conducted upon methods of questionable honesty, and he now seeks to avail himself of them by turning the tables.

With Germany, England and Italy on the one hand urging him to sign the treaty and Russia and France on the other demanding that he shall not sign, while Austria, having all that she can attend to nearer home, makes no definite decision one way or the other, the Sultan can well afford to temporize. Had the assembling of the Bulgarian Sobranje and the immediately subsequent election of Prince Ferdinand been deferred until now or later, the Sultan would in all probability have been compelled to make his intention specifically known and abide the consequences, but the recent events at Tirnova have fortunately come to his aid and the Turkish government by skillfully playing the Egyptian question against the Bulgarian question will likely realize substantial advantage from one or the other.

The same powers that are interested in the Egyptian matter are also deeply concerned in the Balkan difficulty. The former question can wait, but the latter is now in such shape that its settlement cannot be much longer delayed. For the same reason that he has neglected to sign the Egyptian treaty the Sultan has also put off his acceptance or rejection of the Sobranje's election of Prince Ferdinand. He prefers that both of the questions shall be settled by the powers, leaving the porte to ally itself with the strongest side in both cases, for both will undoubtedly be settled to the satisfaction of the same combination of powers.

As things now look the porte will side with Russia, in the belief that whatever the ultimate outcome of the Egyptian muddle may be, Turkey cannot fare much worse in the settlement than she has been treated in the administration of Egyptian affairs during the last five years, while in the final adjustment of the Balkan question she is likely, as the price of her good offices to Russia, to get something substantial in the way of territorial guarantees that could not be obtained in the face of Russia's opposition. It is a very pretty fight, as matters now stand, and Turkey, enjoying the, to her, entirely new experience since she became a European power of engaging in a difficulty in which all Europe is concerned without being the "under dog," is likely to be the gainer rather than the loser when the smoke blows away and the spoils are divided.

Celebrating the Fall of the Bastille.

PARIS, July 15.—The great celebration commemorating the fall of the Bastille began at midnight. Thousands followed through the main streets a couple of vans and carriages containing a band playing alternately the Marseillaise and the Boulanger march, "En Revenant de La Revue," the crowd joining in the chorus and lustily shouting "Vive Boulanger, il Reviendra," "Demission," etc. The people appear generally good-natured, but hostile demonstrations were made against houses not decorated. Numerous out-door balls and torchlight processions were to be seen everywhere. The air was filled with cries of "Vive Boulanger."

A demonstration was made at the statue of Strasburg this morning, but it was entirely of a peaceful nature. Members of the Patriotic League and of other associations, with banners and trumpeters, marched past the statue and deposited upon it colossal memorial crowns. As this was done there were cries from the procession of "Vive la France," "Vive la Republique" and "Vive Boulanger" but there were no attempts at disorder.

The Bitterness Growing Hourly.

BERLIN, July 15.—A German resident of Cauchy, department of Nord, France, writes to a Mannheim journal that the anti-German feeling in Cauchy is terrible, and that he and other Germans had narrowly escaped being killed. He and his countrymen were insulted in the streets daily, and it was hardly safe to venture out. He would be obliged to move to St. Pierre, as he had no hopes that the persecution would cease.

The Kreuz Zeitung, referring to this letter, says it is intolerable that Germans would have to endure such treatment. "France," it says, "must be made to understand that there is a thus far and no further in the matter."

The Deutsche Tagblatt publishes in a prominent position, a number of verses, reminding France that the German hand rests upon the sword.

Why Don't He Show Them?

LONDON, July 15.—Professor Tindall, in a communication published to-day, says that he has received numerous letters from all parts of America on the Irish home rule question and they all recommend the utmost resistance to Mr. Gladstone's policy. "Inasmuch," says Professor Tindall, "as a desperate gamester, misnamed statesman, has chosen to invoke ignorant foreign opinion against the instructed opinion of his own countrymen, it is worth showing that American opinion is not entirely on his side."

Irish Land Bill.

LONDON, July 15.—The Unionists abstain from voting on the bankrupt clauses of the land bill if they are not abandoned. In the face of the threatened prolonged opposition to the bill many of the Conservatives are urging to the government to be content to pass the lease-holder's clause, and to leave

the remainder of the new bill over till the next session.

Foreign Stocks Feel It.

LONDON, July 15.—The stock markets are flat in consequence of expected disturbances in Paris during the celebration of the anniversary of the Fall of Bastille. American securities are very flat in response to the New York quotations. A gloomy feeling pervades most of the markets.

Hubbub at Sophia.

SOPHIA, July 15.—The military element in this city is turbulent and is calling upon Maj. Petroff, the new minister of war, to resign.

A Denial by the Howler.

LONDON, July 15.—This morning's Times denies that the Marquis of Londonderry intends to resign the office of Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

HARD GLOVE FIGHT.

Tom Doris and Pat Farley Indulge in a Forty-Four Round Contest.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The long-pending hard glove fight between Tom Doris, of Yonkers, and Pat Farley, of Brooklyn, took place early this morning. The men fought in a twenty-four foot ring at a point thirty miles up the sound, just upon the identical spot where the Carney-Mitchell battle was fought. The fight was a long and stubbornly-contested one. Forty-four rounds were fought, lasting two hours and fifty-six minutes. Both men were badly punished, Doris about the face and Farley on the body.

As neither man could win, and a police patrol boat was bearing down upon the place where the fight was in progress, the contest was declared a draw and the stake money, \$500, was withdrawn. The purse of \$500 additional was divided. The greatest secrecy was maintained with regard to the fight and only a limited number were present, chiefly sports from Brooklyn and Yonkers. The men did not enter into the ring until 1 a. m. Doris weighed 140 pounds and Farley 138.

At the end of the fight Doris appeared to be the worst punished. It was one of the most savage encounters ever witnessed in this vicinity.

From the Pen. to the Asylum.

CHICAGO, July 15.—"Redney" Burns, a convict in the Joliet penitentiary, has been taken to an insane asylum at Elgin, crazed from overwork and overstudy. Burns was considered the toughest criminal in Chicago, and was serving a term for complicity in the R. Rhonow murder in 1890. When he entered the prison he could neither read nor write, but by diligent application to the books he procured by working overtime he mastered Greek, Latin, French and German, and was well up in the sciences. His cell was full of all kinds of books in various languages.

A Boost for Irish Woollens.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Peter White, representing the new company to develop the Irish woollen industry, recently organized by Messrs. Farnell and Davitt, returned to Dublin per steamer Britannic yesterday, taking with him as a result of six weeks' work in America, orders to the value of \$200,000. He could have taken almost double the amount named, but doubted the ability of the mills now in operation in Ireland to satisfactory fill the orders at present.

Ordinance of 1787 Celebrated.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—A centennial celebration of the ordinance of 1787 was held in the old Presbyterian church at Springdale last night with addresses by Judge Cox, Gen. S. F. Hunt and Judge Caldwell. Telegrams of regret from John Sherman and Governor Gray, of Indiana, were read. The audience filled the church and many occupied chairs on the sward outside. The Springdale congregation was organized before the ordinance was passed.

Fast Steamboat Time.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The new steamboat New York, of the Albany day line, made her trial trip yesterday and covered fourteen miles in thirty-seven minutes, the best time on record for a sidewheel steamboat. There was a large gathering of steamboatmen on board, as great interest has been taken in the new boat. The New York is fitted with the newly invented feathering paddle-wheels. It is thought she can beat the hitherto invincible Mary Powell.

Died of Lockjaw.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., July 15.—Peter Wenker, a German, forty-two years of age, died in great agony from lockjaw yesterday at Jamaica. On the night of July 4 he was attacked by three young men, who after severely beating him, one of the trio got the thumb of Wenker's left hand in his mouth and gave it a severe chewing. His wound produced blood poisoning and lockjaw supervened. His assailants are not yet arrested.

Boycott Renewed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 15.—A secret circular was issued to-day by the general executive board, Knights of Labor, renewing the boycott on the goods of the Fuller-Warren Stove company of Troy, N. Y. It is claimed that the firm has violated the agreement entered into with the knights some time ago.

Dropped a Baby Seventy Feet.

BRIGHTON BEACH, N. Y., July 15.—Cora Carroll, the seven-months-old baby of the stewardess of the race course, was accidentally dropped by her nurse from the grand stand yesterday afternoon and fell seventy feet to the ground, sustaining fatal injuries.

Barnum's Pockets Picked.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., July 15.—While Mr. and Mrs. P. T. Barnum were boarding a train yesterday for the Adirondacks the great showman was crowded into a doorway of the cars and had his pocket picked of \$300. The thief escaped.

Shooting Over Prohibition Argument.

WILLBORNE, Tex., July 15.—At a meeting last night to debate prohibition, W. E. Farquhar, who opposed prohibition, shot at but missed, Dr. J. F. Hayes, who advocated it. Dr. Hayes continued his speech as if nothing had happened.

An Offer for the B. & O. Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—A private dispatch says that Drexel, Morgan & Co., of New York, have made an offer of \$2,500,000 for the Baltimore & Ohio telegraph.

KALAKAUA'S TROUBLE.

AN INTERVIEW WITH THE KING OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

He Says that He Will Not Sign the New Constitution Unless His Privy Council Tells Him To--Latest Information Reports a Threatening State of Affairs.

NEW YORK, July 15.—A Honolulu special to the Herald, dated July 5, gives a report of an interview with King Kalakaua. The king is reported as saying: "The history of the present trouble would be too long to enter into now. My position to-day is largely one of ignorance as to what is exactly going on."

"As I understand it, however, a new constitution is being drawn up by the committee of revision composed of my present ministry, the supreme court and a number of citizens. What that constitution contains I do not know, but I am informed that it has provisions that will radically alter the political condition of affairs. For instance, I am told that it will confer the franchise upon all residents, whether citizens or not, provided they are property-holders. Now, unless class legislation is practiced that will extend the franchise to Chinese, Japanese and Portuguese, and cut off the voting power of some three or four thousand natives, whose present qualification is that of education, and under that there are between eleven and twelve thousand voters, of whom not more than five or six hundred are white. Now, it is a serious question whether I have any right to sign a document working such injustice to my countrymen as this new constitution would do at the instigation of the meeting, more than three-fourths of whose members have no say in their country's affairs."

"Will you sign the document?" I asked. "I shall not," he replied, "unless advised to do so by my privy council, to whom I shall submit, unless I am compelled to do it instantly under duress. But no matter whether signed by duress or by advice, I shall consider the document illegal. The only way the existing constitution can be changed is by the vote of the legislature at two successive sessions, and when the people attempt to change the constitution in any other way, they simply make me an unwilling party to an illegal act."

"What are the relations between yourself and your new ministry?" "I cannot tell," answered the king, spreading open his hands. "I have not seen them since they took the oath of office."

"But that," I said, "is nearly a week ago. Why do you not summon them and ask to be informed as to the true condition of affairs? It is surely the duty of your ministry to keep you informed of all that is occurring."

"It is," said the king, firmly. "That will show me their hand, or at all events, they shall bear the responsibility of keeping me in ignorance as to what is going on. I'll do it."

And summoning Antoine Rosa, his chamberlain, he gave orders for the immediate convening of his ministry.

"Do you fear any personal violence?" was my next question.

"If you mean dreading it, I say no," he answered. "If you mean anticipating it, I cannot say. I do not fear dying, and I do not believe the end of the trouble has been reached."

"What means have you of self-defense?" "I have my body-guard of sixty men, who are passably well-armed and drilled," he replied, "an Austrian battery of six field-pieces, two grape cannon with sweeping fire, good bolts to outside doors and good hearts within. Then, too, there are two companies of native volunteers, called the Queen's and King's Own, composed mainly of old retainers."

"But outside, as I understand it," I said, "there are 300 men, over 1,000 rifles and ammunition enough for a siege?" "Yes," replied the king nervously, wetting his lips, "but they have not got inside yet."

"Will you call upon the United States ship Adam for assistance?"

"Not exactly for assistance," answered Kalakaua, "but I have determined upon the sailing of the Australia this afternoon either to request the minister of foreign affairs to ask foreign representatives to consider the advisability of adopting certain plans for assuring me of my personal safety or else to make an appeal over my own signature."

"My proposition is that a detachment of marines shall be landed from the Adams, and be quartered at the palace, and my argument will be that their presence may stop bloodshed, which might otherwise occur."

Much more was said, the conversation lasting two hours, but the above is all it is necessary to dispatch.

Ten Hours' Later News.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—Advices by letter from Honolulu, which are ten hours later than those published, say that the steamer Australia sailed at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of July 5, and at that time the streets were full of excited people. The rifles had just been called out, and it was said that if the king did not agree to sign the new constitution which has been prepared there would be bloodshed. Nothing was seen of the king during Friday and Saturday. Workmen were engaged both those days in placing large iron bolts and bars on the palace gates. Inside the palace, in the basement, were three hundred natives, all well armed, and the three native volunteer companies were also prepared to turn out at a moment's notice.

At noon Tuesday, July 5, the Honolulu Rifles were ordered out in full uniform. The Secret League is also arming. Gibson and Haydelson were moved to the prison on the reef. This is said to have been done because messages were passing between Gibson and the king. The general report is that the king will refuse to sign the document, and will defend himself in the palace until to-morrow, July 6, when three British and one French men-of-war are expected at Honolulu. Then he will place himself under the protection of the British flag. At 1:30 a. m. the streets were full of people, and the whites feared bloodshed would result.

Brutal Murder at Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Joseph C. G.

Kennedy, a well known real estate dealer, was brutally stabbed to death last evening by John Daley, a laborer. Kennedy had just left his office and was posting a letter in a box in front of the Riggs bank, and in full view of the White House, when Daley stepped up behind him with a large bowie knife, and reaching around his victim plunged the weapon into Mr. Kennedy's bowels. He died in a few minutes. Daley's only excuse was that the dead man had swindled him out of some money in a real estate transaction. Mr. Kennedy was about seventy years of age.

DR. M'GLYNN'S EXCOMMUNICATION.

He Finally Receives a Registered Letter Containing the Document.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The Herald says that the formal excommunication by name was received by Dr. McGlynn yesterday afternoon. It was contained in a registered letter, which had been detained in the Brooklyn postoffice since July 5. It read as follows:

"NEW YORK, July 3, 1887.

"REVEREND DOCTOR: In accordance with the instructions of the holy see it is my painful duty to inform you that the term of forty days from the date of delivery to you of the monitorium of May 4 from the cardinal prefect of propaganda, within which you were required under pain of excommunication to appear at Rome before the sacred congregation of the propaganda within the time specified, you have incurred by your act of contumacy the said penalty of excommunication. I am, reverend sir, sorrowfully yours, M. A. CORRIGAN, Archbishop of New York."

Dr. McGlynn, when interviewed on the receipt of the above letter, said the archbishop's "sorrow and pain" was of the Uriah Heep kind; yet he ought to know that it was an unusual thing for Catholics to greet the name of the pope and of the archbishop with groans and hisses, as has been frequently done of late. "Archbishop Corrigan," the doctor said, "has with fatal fatuity leaned upon the arm of the flesh and affected to think that he could promote the interests of the kingdom, the flock, the family, the church of the carpenter's son--of the man who was an outcast and had no where to lay his head--by visiting and hobnobbing with bankers, and by seeking to perpetuate and increase the powers of political rings, helping all those to cheat, to rob and oppress the poor, while preaching in the name of Christ resignation, and submission and blasphemy perverting the words of the Master concerning the poor, as if the Master had said, 'Blessed are the poor; but he did say, 'Blessed are the poor in spirit.'"

The doctor again scored the papal machine, the smashing of which, he said, would result in the bringing of men into the recognition and enjoyment of the brotherhood of men under the fatherhood of God.

A Carpenter's Fall.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—At 9 this morning Christ Buhr, forty-five, carpenter, fell from the roof of a three-story building being erected at Clark and Mound by James M. Glenn, and received fatal injuries. Buhr was employed by John Asher, a boss carpenter, and in moving about lost his balance and had a clear fall to the cellar, some forty feet, striking on his head and shoulders. He was picked up insensible by his fellow-workmen and patrol No. 1 was summoned, which took him to his home, at 16 Elder street, where he has a wife and four children. His head and shoulders were terribly cut and bruised, and he was internally injured. Dr. B. Keller, who was summoned, opined that he will die.

Mortality in the Queen City.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—The heated term has now set in in dead earnest, though public attention has not been drawn to the fact, yet the mortality among babies is rapidly increasing. Not only the cradle upon many a door knob, but the records of the health office attest this fact. Up to July 13, 1886, there were 247 deaths; in 1887, 304 or fifty-seven more. In July, 1886, there were sixty deaths from cholera infantum, in August fifty-four, while there are thirty-eight deaths from the same cause up to the 12th of this month.

The Presidential Party.

UTICA, N. Y., July 15.—President and Mrs. Cleveland left for Forestport at 9:15 a. m. to-day. The special consisted of a boudoir car and locomotive, and was occupied only by Mrs. and Mr. Cleveland, Mrs. Cleveland's maid, Superintendent Hammond and Conductor Daniels. They were accompanied by Senator Kernan and his son. Mrs. Cleveland's eye is very much inflamed and pains her exceedingly. Dr. Berth, of this city, was called and pronounced it either a blind boil or the sting of an insect.

Brutal Fighting.

READING, Pa., July 15.—Five hundred people witnessed a fist fight yesterday afternoon, near Fleetwood, between Moses Rothmel, brother of the ex-district attorney, and Frank Temple, a butcher. The men fought with bare knuckles, stripped to the waist, without referee, blighting and kicking allowed. The fight was to decide which of the two men was "bully of Berks county." After fifteen minutes of brutal fighting the men were separated by friends. Both men are fearfully punished.

Dissolution of the Knights of Labor.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The Commercial Advertiser says that the Knights of Labor have lost 400,000 members during the past fourteen months, and that the dissolution of the order is eminent. The American Federation of Labor now numbers over 500,000 men, or as many as the knights, and is rapidly growing.

Mormons Disheartened.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 15.—In the election for school trustees this week the Gentiles carried five out of the twenty-one districts in Utah voting. This surprises and disheartens the Mormons. If the ratio is preserved in the constitutional election the majority for the new constitution will be small.

The Harrison Monument.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—The superior court has decided that the majority of votes cast at last fall's election was in favor of an appropriation for the Harrison monument, and ordered the auditor to place \$25,000 on the tax duplicate for that purpose.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

THE DAILY BULLETIN will be delivered to any part of the city at 6 cents a week, or one year for \$3.

THE DAILY BULLETIN to any postoffice in the United States, postage prepaid, at twenty-five cents per month or three dollars per year.

FRIDAY EVENING JULY 15, 1887.

Come to Maysville.

A large manufacturer of architectural iron work, who is now located in Cincinnati, was at Winchester this week, and said if the L. C. and V. Railroad is built he would probably remove his establishment to that city. We invite such manufacturers to Maysville. With the completion of the Maysville and Big Sandy Railroad this city will be able to offer advantages to manufacturers which can be had in but few other places in the State. Competition between the river and railway interests will always insure low rates on freight transportation. And then we can offer cheap gas and as fine a water supply as can be found anywhere in the United States. In addition to all this our city is surrounded by one of the richest and most prosperous regions in the country. Come to Maysville, investigate her advantages and see if what we here say is not the truth.

A vote on local option will be taken at Carlisle at the August election.

REMEMBER to vote on the first Monday in August for calling that Constitutional convention.

THE Democrats should make preparations to get out every vote on the first Monday in August.

J. C. WOODWARD, Prohibition nominee for the Legislature from Fayette County, has withdrawn from the race.

JUDGE GEORGE P. TYLER, of Georgetown, O., is mentioned as a Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor of the Buckeye State.

CINCINNATI will celebrate her centennial next year with a big exposition. It has been settled by the subscription of a \$1,000,000 guarantee fund.

DEMOCRATS must remember that votes count, and that every one should be polled on the first Monday in August. The enemy is making a determined fight.

A REPUBLICAN club has been organized at Lexington with eighty members. The Democrats have two clubs at that place with about one hundred members each.

THE hot weather and other causes are increasing the death rate at Cincinnati to an alarming extent. Thirty-four burial permits were granted in one day this week.

SOME idea of the work done in the Pension Department can be had from the fact that over 50,000 papers accumulated last month in the middle division of that office.

DURING the past year \$28,000,000 have been invested in business enterprises in this State. This looks very much like Kentucky is coming to the front. Let the good work continue.

THE President has been invited to visit Louisville October 4th. It is to be hoped he will accept the invitation, that the country may have a chance to see what a royal welcome he will receive at the hands of the grand old Commonwealth.

CLEVELAND's present term will be out in a year or so, and it is policy on his part to be looking around for another job.—Cincinnati Telegram.

Pshaw! that needn't trouble him. Another term as President of these United States is as good as guaranteed him.

THE race for Sheriff in Nicholas County is coming to the front rather early, considering that the election is a year off from next August. McVey, the present incumbent, wants the place again, and W. H. Brown, W. J. Kennedy and William E. Knox are also mentioned in connection with the race.

THE Republicans of Kentucky are basing their hopes of success in August upon the belief that both the Prohibition and Union Labor party will secure a big vote from the Democratic ranks. The matter is altogether in the hands of the Democrats. If they stand firm, the victory in August will be a memorable one.

RAILROADS have done immense amount of good in developing the resources of other States, and it will require railroads to develop the resources of Kentucky. The mountainous character of a large part of the State has retarded this work here more than any other one thing. In the opinion of the Republican campaign orator, however, the Democratic administrations of the past are alone to blame. How foolish!

Bradley Hiding Behind Jim Jones.

Says the Louisville Courier-Journal: "General Buckner and Mr. Bradley met at Grayson, Carter County, Wednesday, (July 13th) for the first time during the campaign, and Mr. Bradley probably regrets it. General Buckner demanded of Mr. Bradley whether or not he had stated in his speech at London that Governor Knott had written the speech delivered by him (Buckner) at Lexington. After some hesitation Mr. Bradley replied that he had stated at London and Jackson that 'Jim Jones, of London, who knows Proctor Knott well, told me that he recognized Knott's ear-marks in General Buckner's Lexington speech, and he (Jones) believed that Knott had written the speech. This is all I ever said, and I did not make that statement on my own responsibility, but upon the information furnished me by Jones.'

"General Buckner, proceeding with his speech, said: 'Now, ladies and gentlemen, you see the predicament my opponent has gotten himself into; he has not originated a falsehood, but he has willfully circulated a falsehood with the intention of injuring me. Nothing could be more humiliating to me than to have it charged that I would purloin the ideas of another and palm them off upon the public as my own. For the man who would willfully circulate such a charge, although not himself the author of it, I can, of course, have nothing but contempt. I denounce the charge as infamously false and outrageous, having no shadow or semblance of foundation in fact. I have invited Mr. Bradley to meet me at my appointments. I now withdraw the invitation, and henceforth I decline to have anything to do with him.'

"If Mr. Bradley has any sensibility whatever, which is doubted, he must have felt keenly the situation in which he found himself, skulking behind the coat-skirts of Jim Jones while the grand old gentleman they have jointly slandered was expressing the just indignation of an honest man."

Colonel Adam Renaker's Nose.

The Bourbon News says: "After the barbecue broke up at Cynthiana, Thursday, and the Blackburn Club, of Lexington, and a large number of other passengers were waiting at the depot for the train, Colonel Adam Renaker, the big flag Democrat, the rip-roaring Democrat, got after Colonel Soule Smith, 'Falcon,' to make a speech, and grabbed him by the arm and literally dragged him on the platform, where the Colonel delivered himself of about the following in substance, so far as we were enabled to get it down:

"Fellow Citizens: Do you question Adam Renaker's Democracy? Look at that nose! That nose has not cost him less than \$20,000, and which he still maintains at a tremendous outlay of lucre. Ah, gentlemen, a nose like that is better than pages of record. It speaks of Democratic councils and Democratic victories. It is a guiding, light and mentor and a consolation. When, at Indianapolis, the heavy rain was falling from leaden skies and all seemed dark and desolate, just when Hope was trying her wings before her flight, that grand old nose—the property of Adam Renaker—shone in, full orb and radiant upon me, bidding Hope remain; filling my soul with zeal, which soothed and sustained me until Cleveland was elected. That nose is as a Democratic watchfire, kept burning brightly to illuminate the darkest hour and warm the coldest day. Roses may bud, bloom and blow a redder hue than Hebe's lips; the lovely color of the deep sea shell may vie with the rich colors of the sunset's glow; but Adam Renaker's nose stands without comparison—unrivaled. In the turmoil of the civil strife; in the quiet days of the after time; here in old Harrison, where peace and plenty make life a poem sweet; in the councils of the solons of Kentucky, that nose—that influential nose—has been found. May it continue to be present for years to come. It is Democratic through and through. It has been dipped in Democratic nectar from sea to sea."

THE liquor question has split both the Democratic and Republican parties up in Fleming, Bath, Rowan and Carter counties. The Democrats nominated L. S. Rogers, of Bath, for State Senator, and the Prohibitionists Dr. J. P. Huff, of Fleming. The Republican convention endorsed Huff, but it has since been learned that he voted for St. John against Blaine in 1884, and a "straight" Republican candidate is now to be added to the list. The convention is to be held in Sharpsburg to-day. Things are getting into a terrible tangle in that Senatorial district, to say the least of it.

Is It Really Consumption?

Many a case supposed to be radical lung disease is really one of liver complaint and indigestion, but, unless that diseased liver can be restored to healthy action, it will so clog the lungs with corrupting matter as to bring on their speedy decay, and then indeed we have consumption, which is scrofula of the lungs, in its worst form. Nothing can be more happily calculated to nip this danger in the bud than is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. By druggists.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by J. C. Pecor & Co.

A PERSIAN AT HOME.

AN AMERICAN AMONG THE SUBJECTS OF THE SHAH.

Greeted by the Wives and Their Babies. The Evening Meal—Solace of the Pipe. Music on the Guitar—A Visitor Arrives.

Rayza Mohammed is my servant. He is a good Mussulman, although not strictly orthodox, belonging to the sect of Dawoodes and believing that strong drink was given by Allah to cheer the heart of man. Being a jolly fellow and a good Moslem, he has three wives. It does not take much to support three wives in Persia, hardly more than to support one, that is among the poorer classes. The first wife he married when she was 11 and he 17. She was his cousin, fair Mayrich, and she lords it over the other two, being a relative. It's 6 o'clock, and I have dismissed Rayza for the night. As he enters the low door of his little house by the Dwazeh Kasvin, he greets his women folk with: "Peace be with ye," and they reply in chorus: "With you also be peace and the goodness of Allah!" The babies, however, are not quite so formal. They clamber up on his knees as, soon as he has squatted down before his meal, served on the floor and arranged around him in a number of small tin platters, each covered with a cone shaped dish.

THE EVENING MEAL.

Their respective mothers bear the little mischiefs away, though, and the papa gravely dips his fingers in a brass basin and goes through the form of the religious ablution. Then he reaches out for the various dishes. In one there is the succulent rice made beautiful to look at by saffron and little shreds of mutton. In another there is roast lamb. In another there is sour soup, flavored with lime juice and containing bits of meat. He helps himself to all these good things in turn, his sleeves being tucked up to the elbow, using no knife, fork or spoon, but instead pieces of the flabby, flat bread which he tears off from a slice as big as a sheet and lying at his right hand side. Dexterously he scoops up the gravy and the broth, and is soon ready for his dessert, which consists of cucumbers, peaches and "jelly from heaven," a species of pudding made of rice flour and pistaches. He then rises, goes in front of the house to the brink of the Kanaut (canal of running water, conducted from the icy tops of mountains), and drinks from the hollow of his hand a good draught. Meanwhile the women and the children have simultaneously made a ravenous attack upon the remnants of the edibles, and when the master returns they have finished.

Rayza sits down on his rug spread out on the raised part of the room facing east. "Ghalyan biar," he says briefly. His favorite wife, Mayrich, brings it to him, first setting the charcoal and the moistened Shiraz "tambaki" in a glow by pulling at the black mouthpiece herself for a minute and blowing out the thick, powerful smoke through her nostrils. The pipe is in first class working order and the water makes its pleasant bubbling sound at regular intervals as he inhales the smoke. "Khoub est," Rayza says, which expression of approval on his part makes Mayrich, for the moment, the focus of his other wives' jealous eyes. The Persian is not talkative with his wives, although he is generally kind and indulgent to them. The religious law having ordered all these things, down to the minutest detail, there is much less jealousy and wrangling among the different wives and with their lord than one might suppose. But in this particular case there was perhaps just cause for jealousy, because it was really that evening Malek's turn to wait on the husband and to become his especial companion. She, however, is only a "temporary wife," and her rights are therefore not strictly respected.

THE GUITAR'S TINKLE.

Rayza contentedly and silently smokes on for another five minutes. The women have cleared away the dishes and have smartened themselves up a bit. Malek has put a yellow rose in her black tresses and kneels down at Rayza's feet, holding a Persian guitar between her fingers, on which she forthwith begins to tinkle. She is an expert. There is not much music in this instrument—fashioned like two inverted hearts meeting at the points and covered with seven strings—to a western ear, but it delights Rayza, especially when the babies begin to crow in unison with its monotonous twang twang.

At the moment there is a shrill cry: "Adam miravad" (a man is coming), and all three women at once throw their face veil over and turn their backs to the door, through which at that moment enters Ali Zadar, a friend to Rayza, employed as a scribe in the house of a noble. "Thou comest propitiously," says Rayza, rises from his sitting posture and politely bows to his guest, inquiring at the same time with extreme minuteness after his health, progress and temper. All this being satisfactorily answered and the women having meanwhile retreated backward into a smaller room adjoining, Rayza invites his friend to sit down alongside of him and yields his own ghalyan (water pipe) to his guest, ordering at the same time a new pipe. This and a bottle of arrack (strong, raw liquor made of rice) are brought by the veiled Malek, who in handing it to Rayza whispers something into his ear, to which he mockingly replies: "Not before the moon rises." The two friends smoke and drink now for some time, occasionally interrupting this with some quotation from the poets illustrative of the fact that happiness is fleeting and must be made the most of while it lasts. Thus an hour has passed.—Cor. New York Graphic.

Persia's Elephant Corps.

The corps of elephants was in former ages one of the most formidable divisions of the Persian army; many a victory has Persia won by a decisive charge of ranks of these massive animals crushing all before them like stubble of the field. The memory of these huge auxiliaries of Persia is now maintained by a single large elephant called a fil, which marches majestically at the head of the army on days of a general review.—S. G. W. Benjamin.

The Green Sand Marls.

In all the counties bordering the Black lands of Alabama and Mississippi green sand marls are more or less abundant. It will be interesting to the people living in these regions to know that these green sand marls are highly valuable as a fertilizer for the sweet potato crop. The green sand is usually mixed with stable manure and applied by putting in the ridge under the draws. Green sand marls are rich in potash, and to this fact is due their value as a potato fertilizer.—Chicago Times.

>DOWN< WITH HIGH PRICES

THE MARKET IS FLOODED
AT L. HILL'S.

20 pounds good Brown Sugar.....\$1.00
15 pounds Coffee (A) Sugar.....1.00
14 pounds pure Granulated Sugar.....1.00
Vanilla, per bottle.....5
Glass Jars at cost.
Remember we are the house for good goods at low prices.

CAMP MEETING AT RUGGLES' CAMP GROUNDS, AUGUST 4th to 14th

The annual meeting will commence on the above date and continue for ten days. New cottages have been added. The grounds are in fine condition. A good meeting is in anticipation. Many eminent preachers will be present, among them Rev. L. W. Joyce, D.D., Rev. A. B. Leonard, D. D., and Rev. McAfee, all of the Cincinnati conference.

Miss Anna Gallimore, of Newport, Ky., will conduct the Children's Chapel. Singing will be in charge of the Rev. C. H. Williamson, of West Covington, who will be assisted by a good choir. Thomas Ruggles will have charge of the Hotel, Hamrick & Bro. the Confectionery and Baggage, and the Stables will be in charge of Nash & Ruggles. There will be conveyances to and from the grounds, morning and evening; fare from Maysville, 50 cents each way.
Rev. C. J. Howes, P. E., will have charge of the services.
Any too poor to pay entrance fee will be admitted free of charge.

RED HOT Bargains in Dry Goods.

Cut prices make them so, at HOLTON'S store, this week and next. Come and see them. Prints, Cottonades, Lawns, India Linens, Nainsooks, Satteens, Silks and Cashmeres and all kinds of Dry Goods, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Shirts, Collars, and Cuffs, Hamburgs and Laces, Silk Mitts and Gloves, Lace Curtains, &c. They must go at some price. Go get them. J. H. Holt.

INSURANCE.

FIRE, LIFE, MARINE.

Persons wishing Fire, Life or Marine Insurance will find it to their advantage to consult me before insuring.
A. H. THOMPSON, Court Street.

CRAWFORD HOUSE, CINCINNATI, O.

CORNER SIXTH AND WALNUT STS.

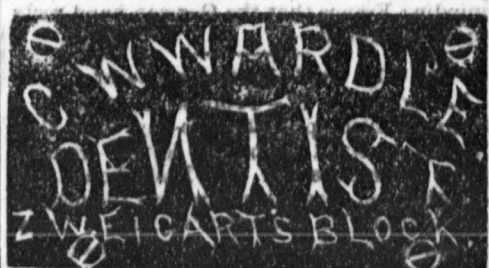
I have taken the management of this house, and have put it in good order. Clean rooms and beds, and a No. 1 table—all that the market affords, and as good as the best. All for \$1.50 per day. Don't let the price keep you away. It is hard times prices. Will be pleased to entertain you. Very respectfully,
FRANK J. OAKES, Manager.

City Ordinance.

Be it ordained by the Board of Councilmen of the City of Maysville, That an election be held in the Third ward of said city on Monday, July 18, 1887, for the purpose of electing one Councilman from said ward to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of W. H. Yancey. The polls for said election to be opened at 8 o'clock a. m., and close at 6 o'clock p. m., at Altmyer's shop on Market street, allowing the inspectors one hour for dinner, and the following are appointed inspectors: C. L. Sallee, Robert G. Willett and James D. Gunn. Said inspectors are directed to hold said election, and make due returns thereof according to law.
Adopted in Council July 7, 1887.
JOHN P. PHISTER, President.
Attest—HARRY TAYLOR, Clerk. 8dtd

THE NEW AND ELEGANT DAILY FAST PASSENGER PACKET

J. C. KERR.
SAM. BRYANT, Master.
CHARLES HOWARD, Clerk.
Leaves Maysville daily at 9 a. m., and Cincinnati at 8 p. m. For rates or other information inquire on board.



For Bilelessness, Constipation. It cools the Blood; it gives delight. It sharpens up the appetite. It aids the liver to do its part and stimulates the feeble heart.
For Sick Headache, Dyspepsia.
INSTALLMENT DEALERS will find just what they need—A full line of installment goods sold only to the installment trade by addressing Installment Dealers Supply Co., Erie, Pa. mfdmmta.

CARPETS!

>WE HAVE<

MARKED DOWN

our stock of Carpets to close out the entire lot. Every Carpet purchased from us will be a bargain. Special drives in

Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades Lace Curtains, Scrim Nets.

A good Window Shade, with fixtures complete, at 32 and 50c. each.

J. W. SPARKS & BRO.,

THE LOWEST
PRICED HOUSE IN TOWN!
SOMETHING NEW

G. S. HANCOCK,

No. 49 Market street, Maysville, Ky., for good and cheap
Groceries and Produce,
and everything usually kept in a first-class retail grocery. Cash or trade for produce. Honest weight and square dealing.

>PURE< DISTILLED WATER

-ICE-

MAYSVILLE Artificial ICE Company.

Orders left at Factory or with Wagons will receive prompt attention.

NEW GROCERY.

I have opened a Grocery on Second street, one door below the opera house, where I will constantly keep a full line of Groceries of the very best quality, and sell them at the LOWEST PRICES. Everything

NEW AND FRESH,

and full weights given in all cases. I invite Everybody to give me a call and save money. I will pay the highest market prices for Butter, Eggs, Vegetables, &c., either in cash or trade. Don't fail to call.
Jels-6m G. A. MCCARTHEY.

T. J. CURELY, Sanitary Plumber, GAS & STEAM FITTER,

Curely's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of
Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,
Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Force and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CURELY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omar's, Maysville, Ky. mfdmmta.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,
Proprietors.

FRIDAY EVENING JULY 15, 1887.

INDICATIONS: "Fair weather; stationary temperature."

WARNER'S safe yeast—Calhoun's.

WILL HEISER is ill with diphtheria.

The camp meeting at High Bridge began yesterday.

JAMES A. PAYNE, of Aberdeen, has been granted a pension.

The Baptists have commenced the erection of a new church at Winchester.

At Carlisle, Charles Morford has succeeded John F. Morgan as City Attorney.

SAM JONES will be the attraction at Park's Hill camp meeting three days this season.

A LAWN party was given last evening at the residence of George M. Clinger, in Chester.

MISS MAY CONLEY, of Flemingsburg, has been engaged as cashier at L. Hill's grocery.

BEWARE of too much beer and the hot sun in these days of heat.—Cincinnati Telegram.

The grand parade yesterday afternoon was a highly creditable one for the colored Masons.

ALTERATIONS and repairs are being made on the court house at Winchester to cost about \$10,000.

The ladies of the Christian Church at Minerva netted \$43 from an ice cream supper the other evening.

J. BRITAIN and Miss Retta Chandler, living on Lawrence Creek, were married, recently, at Aberdeen.

AN excursion of colored people was brought up last night from Augusta and Ripley by the Hattie Brown.

THE "Gold Mine," 5-cent cigar, new brand, just out, by William Hunt. Nothing like it in the city. Try it. 9d6t

It will require two months work to complete the big fill on the west side of the railroad bridge at Little Sandy.

THE work of reaming out the gas well and putting in the casing, preparatory to resume drilling, will be completed to-day.

THE new Baptist Church at Dover is nearly completed. The News says it is a credit to the town and to the congregation.

REV. GREEN CLAY SMITH is building a residence at Mt. Sterling and will make that place his home in the near future.

JOHN D. OSBORNE and Miss Jennie Ray, of Clark County, eloped to Aberdeen the other day, and were married by Squire Beasley.

J. H. FIELDS, who attempted to murder his wife and sons near Millwood several weeks ago, has been taken to the asylum at Lexington.

THE Fleming County Sunday School Union will hold its fifteenth annual convention at Pleasant Valley Church, near Mt. Carmel, July 22nd.

HONS. W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE, W. C. Owens and other prominent Democratic politicians are announced to speak at Mt. Olivet next Monday.

MR. PEYTON I. KEY, one of Mason County's venerable and highly esteemed citizens, celebrates the eightieth anniversary of his birth to-day.

THE thermometer registered ninety-eight degrees in the shade at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The day was the warmest of the season, to date.

REV. M. M. BELL, a colored Baptist minister who died at Lexington this week, had been preaching thirty years, and had baptised over 2,000 persons.

THE marriage of Miss Tommie Stitt, of Flemingsburg, to Dr. Hugo Schilling, of Germany, was solemnized in the M. E. Church at Carlisle, last evening.

E. W. BARNETT & Co., dry goods merchants of Salt Lick, Bath County, have assigned for the benefit of creditors. Liabilities, \$5,000; assets one-half that sum.

WINCHESTER is considering the proposition of an Eastern firm for the establishment of a system of water works. A franchise for gas works at that place has already been granted.

A LARGE force of hands commenced grading the Maysville & Big Sandy Railroad through Augusta yesterday. Huntington wants the entire route ready for the ties by September 1st.

SHACKLEFORD'S Pharmacy.
Most attractive store in town—in "Cox Building." Fine old wines and liquors for medicinal purposes. Pure drugs, Toilet articles in great variety.

The Renick Will Case.

It required over fifteen days to try the famous Renick will case at Winchester. Renick began life as a day laborer and left an estate of from \$300,000 to \$350,000. Some of the heirs were left out and brought suit to break the will. One hundred and twenty witnesses testified in the case; eighty-one of them for the will and the remainder against it. Thirty lawyers were engaged, among whom are a Senator of the United States, the Speaker of the Lower House of the National Congress, a Chief Justice of the Kentucky Court of Appeals, two eminent and learned Circuit Judges, one of the most powerful prosecuting attorneys the State ever had, one State Senator, two ex-members of the Legislature, three county judges, and a number of other talented but untitled attorneys. The arguments were concluded yesterday, by Speaker Carlisle and Senator Blackburn. The result of the trial has not yet been learned.

That Wreck on the K. C.

The dispatch received here yesterday about the wreck on the Kentucky Central, near Cynthiana, the day before, made the disaster much worse than it really was. The collision occurred between engine No. 15, running light, and the south-bound passenger train No. 46. Only one person was killed—Joe Paul, engineer of No. 15. The wounded were Seibert, fireman of No. 15; F. P. Webb, express messenger on No. 46; Luke Doyle, baggage master of No. 46, collarbone broken; Ed. Price, engineer of No. 46, and Ed. Myers, fireman. Several passengers received slight bruises.

Engineer Paul was on his second run, his first having been made Tuesday, when he brought H. E. Huntington's special train to this city.

Teachers' Examination.

The Board of Examiners will hold a meeting in this city to-morrow and also on July 23 for the examination of applicants to teach in Mason County. Examinations will be made only on these days, and parties intending to teach should be on hand.

Stock and Crops.

There was no rain at Falmouth last week, and the growing crops are said to be drying up.

In the last nine months about 15,000,000 pounds of tobacco—about 3 per cent. of the entire crop—have been destroyed in the United States.

In Grant County there hasn't been any rain for five or six weeks, and the hot sun is scorching all kinds of vegetation. The corn crop in that county is in danger of being greatly damaged.

It is claimed, by a venerable surgeon, that sun-flower seed is the best remedy ever yet discovered for the speedy cure of founder in horses. Immediately after discovering that a horse is foundered put a pint of whole seed in the food and it will work an effectual and speedy cure. A cheap and easy tried remedy.—Exchange.

In speaking of the tobacco market and the outlook for the growing crop, the Farmer's Home Journal says: "It seems now to be generally recognized that the acreage question is settled and that no amount of rain will materially affect it, though seasonable weather now will undoubtedly improve and benefit the crop already set. This feeling is evidenced by the continued firmness and activity of the market. Of course there are different opinions as to the extent of the reduction this year. Hardly any one now places the burley crop at over forty per cent. of an average, and some well posted men place it much less. We believe forty per cent. a very fair estimate. This has been the strongest week of the year for both burley and dark tobacco. Some flirry leaf has reached \$20, and a burley lug sold as high as \$14.50. About all we can say of the market is that it has been strong and active for all grades and styles."

River News.

The Bonanza is due down at 6 p. m.

The Granite State is the Pomeroy packet up to-night and the Benton McMillen down.

The Handy No. 2 leaves every day, except Sunday, at noon for Portsmouth and way points.

The wharfbat at Aberdeen sprung a leak the other day and went to the bottom. About one-half is submerged.

The C. A. Hill, a running mate for the Hattie Brown, has entered the Maysville and Vanceburg trade, leaving here every morning.

The J. C. Kerr came in from Cincinnati at 6 o'clock this morning and returned at her regular hour. She is one of the swiftest and most reliable little steamers on the water.

SUNDAY, July 24th, is the date of the only excursion which the Kentucky Central will run to the camp meeting at High Bridge this year. The fare that day will be \$2.00 for the round trip, including admission to the grounds.

Agency Portsmouth Steam Laundry. Best work, lowest prices. Give us a trial. Paul McDonald, at Paul Hoeftlich & Bro's.

A SHIPMENT of twenty-three hogsheads of tobacco was made this week from Dover to New York, by way of Huntington, W. Va.

HON. MAT O'DOHERTY, of Louisville, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, is announced to speak at the court house this evening at 8 o'clock.

The closing argument was being made in the Workman murder trial at 11 o'clock, by Commonwealth's Attorney Sallee. Six speeches were made in the case—three yesterday and three this morning.

Base ball grounds have been fitted up on the north side of the street railway, near the residence of Mr. H. H. Collins, in Chester. The "Razzle-Dazzles," of the Fifth Ward, are anxious to hear from any amateur club in the State.

DR. G. W. MARTIN, of Valmont, Lewis County, was in town yesterday on his way home from Flemingsburg, where he had been called in consultation by the physicians of Miss Bernice Dorsey. Miss Dorsey has been ill for several months.

The engineer corps of the proposed Louisville, Cincinnati & Virginia Railroad is already in the field locating the route east from Winchester. The people along the line are said to be enthusiastic over the prospect of its early completion.

The little village of Ford, Clark County, is only five years old, but it has 500 inhabitants, two large saw mills and two planing mills. Other establishments are being put up. Some of the "booming" towns in Kansas can't beat Ford's record, if Ford is in Kentucky.

The unpleasant sensation to delicate eyes, experienced after reading or working for a considerable time, especially by artificial light, is entirely obviated by using Diamond Spectacles—every pair warranted or money refunded. For sale by Ballenger, the jeweler.

THE Government has ordered the proprietors of the "O. F. C." and "Carlisle" distilleries at Frankfort, who have been charged with "equalizing," to pay taxes on all the missing whisky. The taxes will amount to \$11,000. The proprietors deny the charge of equalizing, and claim the whisky was stolen.

At Augusta, John McCune has been adjudged to pay the Augusta Ferry Company over \$30 as a penalty for violating the new ferry law. The law prohibits the loaning of a skiff, boat or other water-craft within a mile of any established ferry, to be used in crossing the river. It does not apply to Mason County.

JOHN SWOFFE and Miss Alice White, a runaway couple from Robertson County, reached this city Wednesday night about 10 o'clock. A large crowd escorted the couple to Aberdeen, where Squire Beasley soon spoke the words that made the twain one. Mr. and Mrs. Swoffe were guests of the Central Hotel that night.

COLONEL W. LARUE THOMAS, V. E. G. C. G. of the G. G. E. U. S. A., K. T.,—which means Very Eminent Grand Captain General of the General Grand Encampment of the United States of America, Knights Templar,—is one of Louisville's distinguished citizens who is spending the week in this city. Colonel Thomas is the third highest officer of the Knights Templar in the world.

Five Hundred Dollars

is the sum Dr. Pierce offers for the detection of any calomel or other mineral poison or injurious drug in his justly celebrated "Pleasant Purgative Pellets." They are about the size of a mustard seed, there fore easily taken, while their operation is unattended by any gripping pain. Biliousness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, and jaundice, yield at once before these "little giants." Of your druggist.

Personal.

Dr. Gordon Smoot, of Flemingsburg, was in town this morning.

Miss Mary Conroy, of Mt. Sterling, is a guest of the Misses Shea.

Master Freddie Cooper, of the Fifth Ward, is visiting his uncle at Mayalick.

S. W. Bradford and wife, of West Union, O., are visiting the family of W. T. McDaniel.

Miss Katie Rafter, of Cincinnati, is a guest of the Misses Malloy, near Germantown.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben K. Curtis, of Jersey City Heights, N. J., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Owens, at Minerva.

Miss Leila Semple, of Covington, who had been the guest of Miss Mattie Evans for several days, left at noon yesterday to visit at Paris.

Miss Lizzie Trouts, a charming young lady of Maysville, is visiting Miss Emma Shuman, on Woodland avenue.—Lexington Transcript.

City Items.

Try Langdon's City Bui or Crackers. Ask your grocer for Foerster's City Butter Crackers. They are the best.

The latest styles of wall paper and ceiling decorations, at J. C. Pecor & Co.'s drug and book store.

We are offering special bargains in fans, parasols, gauze underwear, etc., at Paul Hoeftlich & Bro's.

See our cheap counter. Our lot of fine and cheap cassimeres, for men and boys, at cost, to close out. W. W. HOLTON.

G. W. Blatterman & Co. carry a very large stock of mouldings, including all latest styles, and solicit orders for framing. A variety of pictures, all styles, including some fine oil paintings by distinguished foreign artists.

An End to Bone Scraping.

Edward Shephard, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.

Capt. Coleman, schr. Weymouth, plying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but allayed the extreme soreness in his breast. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner. Free trial bottles of this standard remedy at the drug stores of J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

Most Excellent.

J. J. Atkins, Chief of Police, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My family and I are beneficiaries of your most excellent medicine, Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption; having found it to be all that you claim for it, desire to testify to its virtue. My friends to whom I have recommended it, praise it at every opportunity."

Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption is guaranteed to cure coughs, colds, bronchitis, Asthma, croup and every affection of throat, chest and lungs. Trial bottles free (Large size \$1.00) at the Drug Stores of J. C. Pecor & Co., and S. P. Campbell & Co., of Aberdeen Ohio.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee, #1	20c
Coarse, new crop, per gal	40c
Golden Syrup	40
Foram, Fancy New	30
Sugar, yellow #1	50c
Sugar, extra C, #1	5
Sugar A, #1	6c
Sugar, granulated #1	7
Sugar, powdered, per lb	8c
Sugar, New Orleans, #1	50c
Teas, #1	10
Oil, head light #1 gal	15
Saon, breakfast #1	12
Saon, clear sides, per lb	9c
Saon, Hams, #1	12c
Saon, Shoulders, per lb	9c
Seas #1 gal	25
Butter, #1	15c
Trickous, each	15c
Eggs, #1 doz	10
Flour, Limestone, per barrel	5 50
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel	5 50
Flour, Maysville Fancy, per barrel	4 75
Flour, Mason County per barrel	4 75
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel	4 95
Flour, Maysville Family, per barrel	5 00
Flour, Graham, per sack	30
Honey, per lb	15
Hominy, #1 gallon	10
Mead, #1 peck	20
Lard, #1	8c
Onions, per peck	40
Potatoes, #1 per peck	40
Apples, per peck	40
Corn, per dozen	10c

WANTED D.

WANTED—Country board by a small family, within five miles of the city. Address X. Y. Z., this office. 14d3wt

WANTED—A blacksmith to do country work in wood and iron. Apply at this office, or to W. L. MORAN, at Moransburg. 11d3wt

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 fresh Alderney cow, and calf. Apply at the office of the JAMES H. HALL Plow Company. 11d3wt

FOR SALE—Publicly—a one-story frame house with four lots attached on corner of Race and Broadway, Chester. 11d3wt

FOR SALE—House and lot on Fourth street, Fifth ward; lot 33 by 155 feet. Apply to WILLIAM F. COOPER. 11d3wt

FOR SALE—My residence, situated in the Fifth ward, Maysville. Price, \$4,000, if sold by the 15th of July. 11d3wt

LOST.

LOST—Saturday evening, July 9th, a gold ring, with Masonic emblem on outside and "L. C. A. Reide, February 19th, 1877" engraved on inside. A Scottish Rite ring. Leave at this office and receive reward. 11d3wt

FOR SALE.

Valuable property in Aberdeen, O., known as the Mineral Well Hotel, Stable and other property. Will be sold at public Auction, on the premises, on

Saturday, July 16th,

at about 2 o'clock p. m. Terms—One-third cash on day of sale, one-third in nine months and one-third in eighteen months from day of sale, deferred payments to bear interest and be secured by mortgage on the premises sold. For further notice and description, see Brown County News. 11d3wt

Assignees of O. B. and Scott Spears.



LADIES' OPERA SLIPPERS

>\$1.00<

Good Quality, Cool and Comfortable

HOPPER & MURPHY.

:: JEWELRY, ::

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Silverware.

We have the exclusive sale of Dr. JULIUS KING'S SPECTACLES, which are pronounced by competent opticians the best in the market. Repairing Fine Watches a specialty. No. 42 Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

HERMANN : LANGE, : THE : JEWELER,
Respectfully invites you to call, when visiting Cincinnati, at 17 ARCADE.

SUMMER

DRY GOODS.

We are determined not to carry over any of our Summer Goods, and to accomplish this are offering inducements throughout our entire stock. Below we enumerate some of the bargains:

Twenty-five pieces Figured Lawns at 34 cents;
Twenty pieces Dress Gingham at 34 cents;
Twenty-five pieces assorted Dress Goods, worth 25 and 35 cents, reduced to 12 1/2 cents;
A line of Seersuckers reduced from 15 to 10 cents;
Twenty-five dozen Gent's Unlaundried Shirts, good value at 75 cents, are offered at 50 cents;
A 50-cent Corset, in White or Drab, at 40 cents;
Children's Ribbed Hose at 5 cents;
Children's Regular Made Hose at 12 1/2 cents;
Ladies' Regular Made Hose, Black or Colors, at 25 cents, cheap at 35 cents;
A big job in Ladies' Lisle Gloves at 15 cents;
Ladies' Colored Silk Gloves reduced from 50 to 35 cents;
Mosquito Bars, full size, ready to hang, at \$1.25.

We have placed all our Remnants on our Cheap Table at half price; do not fail to look at them.

BROWNING & CO.,

No. 3 East Second Street.

JAKE SHARP SENTENCED.

HE GETS FOUR YEARS AND A FINE OF FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS.

His Attorneys Apply for a Stay of Execution, Which is Denied by Judge Barrett—How the Great Briber Received His Sentence—One More Night in Jail.

New York, July 15.—Jacob Sharp slept better last night than for some nights previous, but it seemed to be the sleep of utter exhaustion, and he appeared but little refreshed when he arose at 9 o'clock this morning. His wife sat by his bedside through the night fanning him and giving him cooling drinks when he awoke at intervals. Mrs. Sharp assisted her husband to dress for his second trip to the court to receive sentence. He bore the same listless, indifferent, almost dazed manner noticeable in him since his conviction.

Sharp was able to take but little nourishment and was very weak. He was escorted from the jail to the carriage awaiting to convey him down to Warden Keating, Under Sheriff Sexton and Deputy Sheriff Carran. Mrs. Sharp accompanied her husband, arriving at the court house. The party alighted and passed through the lane made for them by the police through the waiting crowd of curious spectators to the sheriff's office and thence to the court room. Sharp was so weak that in going to the carriage from the jail and on leaving it on his way into the court house and up the stairs to the court room, it was necessary for the officers guarding him to support his tottering form.

Long before Sharp's arrival crowds invaded the court house, trying to obtain entrance to the court room, or stood on the sidewalk without the building. Comparatively few of the throng that applied for entrance to the court room succeeded in getting in. There was a sufficient number admitted, however, to fill every seat. Judge Barrett, whose illness yesterday compelled a postponement of sentence of the convicted man, had recovered sufficiently to-day to be present in court. He arrived at the court-house at almost the same moment as the prisoner.

When Sharp entered the court room it lacked but two minutes of noon, the hour at which the court was to be opened. He was accompanied by his wife, his son-in-law, Mr. Filmes and his grandson, George Sharp. Messrs. Nelson, Stickney, Parsons and Mitchell of counsel for the convicted man were already in the court room. Sharp took but little notice of any one, but sunk into a chair with an air of utter exhaustion, and sat silently with livid face, bowed head and clasped hands at the table before the bar.

District Attorney Martine and his assistants entered at 12:15 o'clock and two minutes later Judge Barrett entered and took his seat on the bench. Sharp's counsel, Mr. Mitchell, said he had no objection to make for delay but would move for a new trial and read a paper in which it was claimed that the trial was unfair, that the jury was prejudiced and the judge's charge was unfair to the defendant. The motion for a new trial was denied. The district attorney then moved that the prisoner be sentenced. He suggested that it would be proper to make an inquiry into his physical condition and asked the court to appoint physicians to make such an inquiry. He read certificates from Drs. Hamilton and Janway stating that Sharp's health was very bad; that he was suffering from diabetes, inflammation of the kidneys and organic disease of the heart, which was of serious import to a man seventy years of age. He then read Hamilton's report on the sanitary condition of Sing Sing and the arrangement there for the care of the sick which was pronounced excellent. He then moved for sentence.

Lawyer Mitchell arose and made a last appeal for mercy to Sharp. At the conclusion of Mr. Mitchell's appeal the clerk asked the prisoner if he had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced on him. The old man staggered to his feet, mumbled an inaudible negative and sat down again.

Judge Barrett then sentenced him to imprisonment in the state prison for four years and to pay a fine of \$5,000.

Judge Barrett prefaced the imposition of sentence by saying it was the most delicate task in his whole professional career. He had received letters from many people pleading for mercy and otherwise in this case, but a court was not appointed to be merciful further than was dictated by the laws of justice. The defendant had nothing to offer in support of a plea for mercy but age and sickness. No attempt had been made to prove good character. It was absurd to state that he was not guilty of giving the bribes, as he was undoubtedly the leader of the whole affair. The crime itself was an enormous one, the raising of half a million dollars to corrupt legislators. Judge Barrett went on to review Sharp's action in forming a bogus company to contract for the building of the Broadway surface, and by which Sharp made a million dollars, and the judge characterized this as a crime for which Sharp could have been indicted as well as for the bribery.

"What is there," continued Judge Barrett, "to excite pity or mercy except the age and ill health of the prisoner, and the mourning of his family? With over a million dollars in his pocket clamors for mercy, without offering to pay one penny of the money stolen, so that should he die in prison his family has a vast fortune to fall back upon." At this point Mrs. Sharp buried her face in her handkerchief and wept silently. The prisoner himself did not lift his face from the table.

"The legislature" continued the judge, "does not allow us to go below the minimum penalty. In such cases all cannot be satisfied, those who clamor for the prisoner's receiving the full penalty of the law and those calling for a reprimand. The sentence of the court is that the prisoner be confined in state prison for four years at hard labor and that he pay a fine of \$5,000."

An attempt at applause was made in one corner of the court room, but it was at once suppressed. Mr. Mitchell asked for delay in the removal of Sharp to Sing Sing until he had settled some affairs. Judge Barrett said there was no provision of law for such delay and that he did not think it was deserved by the prisoner ever if it was.

At that moment the sound of a cheer from the crowd outside the court house was heard. They had just heard the sentence.

The sentence was pronounced at four minutes past 1 o'clock. Just nine minutes later Sharp was led out of the court room and taken down stairs to Sheriff Grant's office. He was half led, half carried by his son-in-law, Mr. Filmes, his grandson, and his hired coachman. Warden Keating, Under Sheriff Sexton and Deputy Sheriff Curran kept close by the prisoner's side.

Sharp is to be taken to Sing Sing tomorrow morning, and it was decided to let him pass one night more in Ludlow street jail instead of sending him to the Tombs.

Drowned in the Ohio.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—This morning three urchins, whose names could not be ascertained, went out on the Ohio river in a skiff, and when in the middle of the channel the boat upset. One was drowned. Workmen near by rescued the others.

TRAIN ROBBERY.

A General Manager's Private Car Invaded on the Wabash & Western.

ST. LOUIS, July 15.—News has just leaked out of a train robbery of considerable interest. On Monday evening Charles M. Hayes, the general manager of the Wabash & Western railway, started for Chicago in his private car, accompanied by General Freight Agent Knight and Assistant General Passenger Agent Crans. The car has two state rooms, and in the open part of the car there are two berths. Mr. Hayes took one of the state rooms, Mr. Knight the other and Mr. Crans went to bed in one of the open berths. About 1:10 in the morning Mr. Crans was suddenly aroused, and, on opening his eyes, saw a very big man standing by his berth with a long pistol cocked and the muzzle in close proximity to Mr. Crans's head. The door at the end of the car, which had been locked when they went to bed, was open. All this Mr. Crans took in while the intruder was saying "You—give me your money—quick."

Mr. Crans seeing argument was useless lifted his vest from under his pillow and handed the fellow a \$10 bill. "Give me that watch and chain," said the robber, and Mr. Crans handed over the jewelry. About this time the porter, who was asleep in his berth at the end of the car was aroused by the noise and entered. The burglar started to run and fell down, the negro falling on him. Then the robber pushed his pistol against the negro's stomach and threatened to shoot. This frightened the negro, and he retreated. The thief got up and ran out on the platform. Some one inside just at the time pulled the bell cord. The train slowed up, and the robber jumped off. By the time the train stopped the marauder had disappeared. No one knows when or where he got on the car.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Those Desiring to Go Into Camp at St. Louis Should Make It Known.

ST. LOUIS, July 15.—The general executive committee having in charge the reception and the entertainment of the Grand Army here next fall will issue to-morrow to all department and post commanders that it will be absolutely necessary for all those who desire to go into camp while here to send their applications for tents by or before August 1, as after that date there will not be time to have tents manufactured. Quite a number of departments are yet to be heard from in this regard, and it is hoped that they will promptly make known their wants.

So far it is known that Kansas expects to put into camp about 10,000 men, Indiana about 7,000, Illinois 8,500, Missouri 6,000, Iowa 1,600, Nebraska 500. Twenty departments have already secured headquarters at hotels or other good and eligible localities. Eight have made applications for accommodations, and eleven are yet to be heard from. The camps to which states have been assigned will be situated in the various city parks, and will afford ample and beautiful accommodations for the men.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a terse and spicy manner.

French chamber of deputies passed the bill to increase the army.

Chicago Socialists think of starting a colony on the island of San Domingo.

Six cases of sunstroke and 96 degrees in the shade at New York Wednesday.

McDougall, Logie, & Co., oil and paints, Montreal, have failed. Liabilities \$250,000.

Oscar Harvey, the thieving treasury clerk, has been indicted on four counts for forgery.

Edward Reed killed Presley Hubbard by a fist blow. Both were farmers near Carmi, Illinois.

Ernest Kammy, a Philadelphia molder, by agreement with his wife, killed her and then himself.

John Harkins, editor of the Lexington, Miss., Bulletin, was shot dead by R. P. Chatham, Republican candidate for the legislature. Politics the cause.

Genie Watkins and Mary Bostick, of Gainesville, Tex., were almost butchered with an ax, while they slept by an unknown man. Miss Watkins will die. The two girls were frightfully chopped up.

BASE BALL.—Cincinnati 6, Athletic 1; St. Louis 2, Brooklyn 0; Mets 6, Louisville 4; Baltimore 8, Cleveland 1; Washington 3, Chicago 0; Boston 12, Detroit 4; New York 7, Pittsburgh 3; Philadelphia 16, Indianapolis 5; Kalamazoo 4, Sandusky 2; Mansfield 7, Akron 2; Columbus 13, Zanesville 8; Lexington 30, Georgetown 2.

Prospects of the Labor Party.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The World this morning prints five columns of answers of a query it recently sent to leading Labor men in the various states and territories as to the strength of the Labor party in the coming fall elections; as to the possibility of a Labor nominee for president in 1888, and other questions bearing upon the new movement, as to the necessity of the new party, etc. The replies indicate that there is almost an unanimous sentiment in favor of making a presidential nomination, and the belief is generally expressed that the Labor vote will cost the Democratic party at least 70 per cent. of its present polling strength. A new National party is demanded by a large majority, and the reasons therefor are forcibly set forth, the replies indicating the belief that a large increase may be expected in the Labor vote.

Gold in the Peninsula.

ISHPEMING, Mich., July 15.—Assays of the quartz found on the gold prospect of the Lake Superior Iron company, west of the city, gave \$13 in gold from twelve ounces of rock, or \$300 gold to the ton. Miners have traced a vein 200 feet on the surface. A storehouse is now being built to hold the rock. More rock as rich as the first was taken out yesterday.

Committed as an Accessory.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Alexander Nert, the young man who loaned to Daniel Lyons the pistol with which the latter killed Joseph F. Quinn, the athlete, last week, was today committed as an accessory before the act.

N. Y. P. & O. President Resigns. NEW YORK, July 15.—Jarvis W. Adams,

of Cleveland, O., has resigned the presidency of the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad company. Charles E. Whitehead, of this city, will succeed Mr. Adams.

A Horrible Disaster Recalled.

TIFFIN, O., July 15.—Suit was commenced here to-day against the B. & O. company for \$10,000 damages for the death of Alva B. Ice, of Penfield, Ill., a victim of the Republic wreck of last January.

Disastrous Fire.

HANFORD, Cal., July 15.—About 3 o'clock last night fire broke out in the Lafayette house, which, fanned by a strong wind, quickly spread over the entire block, destroying the principal business houses of the town. The total loss is \$150,000. Insurance, \$90,000.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations of the Money, Stock, Produce, and Cattle Market for July 14.

New York—Money 4 1/2 to 5 per cent. Exchange dull. Governments firm.

Currency sixes, 123 bid; four coupons 127 1/2; fours-and-halves, 118 1/2 bid.

The stock market opened feverish and irregular, with prices 1/4 to 3/4 per cent. lower. After the first few transactions on a covering by the shorts and buying by some of the bull leaders resulted not only in a recovery of the early decline but the establishment of a fractional advance by 12 o'clock. Since the hour named, however, the market has been feverish, irregular and weak, and at present writing the bottom figures are current.

Bur. & Quincy... 142 Mich. Central... 85 Canadian Pacific... 5 1/2 Missouri Pacific... 100 1/2 Canadian South... 5 1/2 N. Y. Central... 100 1/2 Central Pacific... 38 Northwestern... 113 1/2 C. C. & I... 57 1/2 Northern Pacific... 83 1/2 Del. & Hudson... 100 1/2 do preferred... 58 1/2 Del. Lack & W... 130 1/2 Ohio & Miss... 27 1/2 Denver & Rio G... 27 1/2 Pacific Mail... 42 1/2 Erie seconds... 29 1/2 Reading... 54 1/2 Illinois Central... 122 Rock Island... 12 1/2 Jersey Central... 74 1/2 St. Paul... 85 1/2 Lake Shore... 97 1/2 do preferred... 123 1/2 Louisville & Nash... 80 1/2 Union Pacific... 53 1/2 Western Union... 74 1/2

Cincinnati.

FLOUR—Fancy, \$3.70@3.95; family, \$3.35@3.50.

WHEAT—No. 3 red, 71 1/2c; No. 2, 73 1/2c; No. 1, 75 1/2c; No. 4, 68 1/2c; No. 5, 66 1/2c; No. 6, 64 1/2c; No. 7, 62 1/2c; No. 8, 60 1/2c; No. 9, 58 1/2c; No. 10, 56 1/2c; No. 11, 54 1/2c; No. 12, 52 1/2c; No. 13, 50 1/2c; No. 14, 48 1/2c; No. 15, 46 1/2c; No. 16, 44 1/2c; No. 17, 42 1/2c; No. 18, 40 1/2c; No. 19, 38 1/2c; No. 20, 36 1/2c; No. 21, 34 1/2c; No. 22, 32 1/2c; No. 23, 30 1/2c; No. 24, 28 1/2c; No. 25, 26 1/2c; No. 26, 24 1/2c; No. 27, 22 1/2c; No. 28, 20 1/2c; No. 29, 18 1/2c; No. 30, 16 1/2c; No. 31, 14 1/2c; No. 32, 12 1/2c; No. 33, 10 1/2c; No. 34, 8 1/2c; No. 35, 6 1/2c; No. 36, 4 1/2c; No. 37, 2 1/2c; No. 38, 1 1/2c; No. 39, 1/2c; No. 40, 1/4c.

OATS—No. 3 mixed, 29 1/2c; No. 2 mixed, 30 1/2c; No. 1 mixed, 31 1/2c; No. 4 mixed, 32 1/2c; No. 5 mixed, 33 1/2c; No. 6 mixed, 34 1/2c; No. 7 mixed, 35 1/2c; No. 8 mixed, 36 1/2c; No. 9 mixed, 37 1/2c; No. 10 mixed, 38 1/2c; No. 11 mixed, 39 1/2c; No. 12 mixed, 40 1/2c; No. 13 mixed, 41 1/2c; No. 14 mixed, 42 1/2c; No. 15 mixed, 43 1/2c; No. 16 mixed, 44 1/2c; No. 17 mixed, 45 1/2c; No. 18 mixed, 46 1/2c; No. 19 mixed, 47 1/2c; No. 20 mixed, 48 1/2c; No. 21 mixed, 49 1/2c; No. 22 mixed, 50 1/2c; No. 23 mixed, 51 1/2c; No. 24 mixed, 52 1/2c; No. 25 mixed, 53 1/2c; No. 26 mixed, 54 1/2c; No. 27 mixed, 55 1/2c; No. 28 mixed, 56 1/2c; No. 29 mixed, 57 1/2c; No. 30 mixed, 58 1/2c; No. 31 mixed, 59 1/2c; No. 32 mixed, 60 1/2c; No. 33 mixed, 61 1/2c; No. 34 mixed, 62 1/2c; No. 35 mixed, 63 1/2c; No. 36 mixed, 64 1/2c; No. 37 mixed, 65 1/2c; No. 38 mixed, 66 1/2c; No. 39 mixed, 67 1/2c; No. 40 mixed, 68 1/2c; No. 41 mixed, 69 1/2c; No. 42 mixed, 70 1/2c; No. 43 mixed, 71 1/2c; No. 44 mixed, 72 1/2c; 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